

Java9 - Features abseits von Jigsaw und JShell

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Zeitplan



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JDK 9

The goal of this Project is to produce an open-source reference implementation of the Java SE 9 Platform defined by [JSR 379](#) in the [Java Community Process](#).

The schedule and features of this release are proposed and tracked via the [JEP Process](#), as amended by the [JEP 2.0 proposal](#).

Schedule

2016/05/26	Feature Complete
2016/12/22	Feature Extension Complete
2017/01/05	Rampdown Start
2017/02/09	All Tests Run
2017/02/16	Zero Bug Bounce
2017/03/16	Rampdown Phase Two
2017/06/22	Initial Release Candidate
2017/07/06	Final Release Candidate
2017/09/21	General Availability

~~2017/09/21~~

Features

102: Process API Updates
110: HTTP 2 Client
143: Improve Contended Locking
158: Unified JVM Logging
165: Compiler Control
193: Variable Handles
197: Segmented Code Cache
199: Smart Java Compilation, Phase Two
200: The Modular JDK
201: Modular Source Code
211: Elide Deprecation Warnings on Import Statements
212: Resolve Lint and Doclint Warnings
213: Milling Project Coin
214: Remove GC Combinations Deprecated in JDK 8
215: Tiered Attribution for javac
216: Process Import Statements Correctly
217: Annotations Pipeline 2.0
219: Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS)
220: Modular Run-Time Images
221: Simplified Doclet API
222: jshell: The Java Shell (Read-Eval-Print Loop)
223: New Version-String Scheme
224: HTML5 Javadoc
225: Javadoc Search
226: UTF-8 Property Files
227: Unicode 7.0
228: Add More Diagnostic Commands
229: Create PKCS12 Keystores by Default
231: Remove Launch-Time JRE Version Selection

232: Improve Secure Application Performance
233: Generate Run-Time Compiler Tests Automatically
235: Test Class-File Attributes Generated by javac
236: Parser API for Nashorn
237: Linux/AArch64 Port
238: Multi-Release JAR Files
240: Remove the JVM TI hprof Agent
241: Remove the jhat Tool
243: Java-Level JVM Compiler Interface
244: TLS Application-Layer Protocol Negotiation Extension
245: Validate JVM Command-Line Flag Arguments
246: Leverage CPU Instructions for GHASH and RSA
247: Compile for Older Platform Versions
248: Make G1 the Default Garbage Collector
249: OCSP Stapling for TLS
250: Store Interned Strings in CDS Archives
251: Multi-Resolution Images
252: Use CLDR Locale Data by Default
253: Prepare JavaFX UI Controls & CSS APIs for Modularization
254: Compact Strings
255: Merge Selected Xerces 2.11.0 Updates into JAXP
256: BeanInfo Annotations
257: Update JavaFX/Media to Newer Version of GStreamer
258: HarfBuzz Font-Layout Engine
259: Stack-Walking API
260: Encapsulate Most Internal APIs
261: Module System
262: TIFF Image I/O
263: HiDPI Graphics on Windows and Linux

264: Platform Logging API and Service
265: Marlin Graphics Renderer
266: More Concurrency Updates
267: Unicode 8.0
268: XML Catalogs
269: Convenience Factory Methods for Collections
270: Reserved Stack Areas for Critical Sections
271: Unified GC Logging
272: Platform-Specific Desktop Features
273: DRBG-Based SecureRandom Implementations
274: Enhanced Method Handles
275: Modular Java Application Packaging
276: Dynamic Linking of Language-Defined Object Models
277: Enhanced Deprecation
278: Additional Tests for Humongous Objects in G1
279: Improve Test-Failure Troubleshooting
280: Indify String Concatenation
281: HotSpot C++ Unit-Test Framework
282: jlink: The Java Linker
283: Enable GTK 3 on Linux
284: New HotSpot Build System
285: Spin-Wait Hints
287: SHA-3 Hash Algorithms
288: Disable SHA-1 Certificates
289: Deprecate the Applet API
290: Filter Incoming Serialization Data
291: Deprecate the Concurrent Mark Sweep (CMS) Garbage Collector
292: Implement Selected ECMAScript 6 Features in Nashorn
294: Linux/s390x Port
295: Ahead-of-Time Compilation
297: Unified arm32/arm64 Port
298: Remove Demos and Samples
299: Reorganize Documentation

JEP 102

Process API Updates

```
ProcessHandle.current().getPid()
```



```
ProcessHandle
```

```
    .allProcesses()  
    .map(ProcessHandle::getPid)  
    .forEach(System.out::println);
```

ProcessHandle

```
.allProcesses()  
.filter(p -> !p.parent().isPresent())  
.map(p -> p.info())  
.forEach(System.out::println);
```

```
ProcessHandle.current().destroy();
```

JEP 213

Milling Project Coin

@SafeVargs an
privaten
Instanzmethoden

```
public static void execute (Connection con)
    throws SQLException {
    try (con) {
        // ...
    }
}
```

```
private static Comparator<MyClass> C =  
    new Comparator<>() {  
        @Override  
        public int compare(  
            MyClass o1,  
            MyClass o2) {  
            return 0;  
        }  
    }  
};
```

```
public interface Lambda {  
    public int a(int _);  
    public default void t(Lambda l) {  
        t(_ -> 0);  
    }  
}
```



```
public interface Foo {  
    private String bar() {  
        return "FooBar";  
    }  
}
```

JEP 223

New Version-String Scheme

Versionsnummer

- › `[1-9][0-9]*((\.[0-9]*\.[1-9][0-9]*)*)`
- › `$MAJOR.$MINOR.$SECURITY`

Versionsstring

- › \$VNUM(-\$PRE)?\+\$BUILD(-\$OPT)?
- › \$VNUM-\$PRE(-\$OPT)?
- › \$VNUM(+-\$OPT)?

9.0.0

```
final Runtime.Version version = Runtime.version();  
System.out.println(version.toString());  
System.out.println(version.major());  
System.out.println(version.minor());  
System.out.println(version.security());
```

```
final Runtime.Version newVersion =  
    Runtime.Version.parse("9.1");  
System.out.println(newVersion.compareTo(version));
```

Name	Syntax
-----	-----
java.version	\$VNUM(\-\$PRE)?
java.runtime.version	\$VSTR
java.vm.version	\$VSTR
java.specification.version	\$VNUM
java.vm.specification.version	\$VNUM

JEP 225

Javadoc Search

Java® Platform, Standard Edition & Java Development Kit Version 9 API Specification

This document is divided into three sections:

Java SE

The Java Platform, Standard Edition (Java SE) APIs define the core Java platform for general-purpose computing.

JDK

The Java Development Kit (JDK) APIs are specific to the JDK and will not necessarily be available in all implementations whose names start with `jdk`.

JavaFX

The JavaFX APIs define a set of user-interface controls, graphics, media, and web packages for developing rich client applications with `javafx`.

Java SE

Module	Description
<code>java.activation</code>	Defines the JavaBeans Activation Framework (JAF) API.
<code>java.base</code>	Defines the foundational APIs of the Java SE Platform.
<code>java.compiler</code>	Defines the Language Model, Annotation Processing, and Java Compiler APIs.
<code>java.corba</code>	Defines the Java binding of the OMG CORBA APIs, and the RMI-IIOP API.
<code>java.datatransfer</code>	Defines the API for transferring data between and within applications.
<code>java.desktop</code>	Defines the AWT and Swing user interface toolkits, plus APIs for accessibility, audio, imaging, and printing.
<code>java.instrument</code>	Defines services that allow agents to instrument programs running on the JVM.
<code>java.logging</code>	Defines the Java Logging API.
<code>java.management</code>	Defines the Java Management Extensions (JMX) API.

Types

- `javafx.beans.binding.StringBinding`
- `java.lang.StringBuffer`
- `java.io.StringBufferInputStream`
- `java.lang.StringBuilder`

Members

- `javafx.beans.binding.StringBinding.StringBinding()`
- `java.lang.StringBuffer.StringBuffer()`
- `java.lang.StringBuffer.StringBuffer(CharSequence)`
- `java.lang.StringBuffer.StringBuffer(int)`
- `java.lang.StringBuffer.StringBuffer(String)`
- `java.io.StringBufferInputStream.StringBufferInputStream(String)`
- `java.lang.StringBuilder.StringBuilder()`
- `java.lang.StringBuilder.StringBuilder(CharSequence)`
- `java.lang.StringBuilder.StringBuilder(int)`
- `java.lang.StringBuilder.StringBuilder(String)`
- `javafx.beans.binding.StringBinding.bind(Observable...)`
- `javafx.beans.binding.Bindings.createStringBinding(Callable, Observable...)`
- `javafx.beans.binding.StringBinding.unbind(Observable...)`
- `javafx.beans.binding.StringBinding.addListener(ChangeListener)`
- `javafx.beans.binding.StringBinding.addListener(InvalidationListener)`
- `java.lang.StringBuffer.append(boolean)`
- `java.lang.StringBuilder.append(boolean)`
- `java.lang.StringBuffer.append(char)`
- `java.lang.StringBuilder.append(char)`
- `java.lang.StringBuffer.append(CharSequence)`
- `java.lang.StringBuilder.append(CharSequence)`
- `java.lang.StringBuffer.append(CharSequence, int, int)`
- `java.lang.StringBuilder.append(CharSequence, int, int)`
- `java.lang.StringBuffer.append(char[])`
- `java.lang.StringBuilder.append(char[])`

JEP 238

Multi-Release JAR Files

jar root

- A.class
- B.class
- C.class
- META-INF
- versions
 - 8
 - A.class
 - B.class
 - 9
 - A.class

JEP 247

Compile for Older Platform Versions

--release

JEP 269

Convenience Factory Methods for Collections

```
List.of(1, 2, 3);
```

```
Set.of(1, 2, 1);
```

```
Map.of("foo", "bar");
```

```
Map.ofEntries(Map.entry("foo", "bar"));
```

JEP 277

Enhanced Deprecation

@Documented

@Retention (RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME)

@Target (value={CONSTRUCTOR, FIELD, LOCAL_VARIABLE, METHOD, PACKAGE, MODULE, PARAMETER, TYPE})

public @interface Deprecated {

/**

** Returns the version in which the annotated element became deprecated.*

** The version string is in the same format and namespace as the value of*

** the {@code @since} javadoc tag. The default value is the empty*

** string.*

** @return the version string*

** @since 9*

**/*

String since() **default** "";

/**

** Indicates whether the annotated element is subject to removal in a*

** future version. The default value is {@code false}.*

** @return whether the element is subject to removal*

** @since 9*

**/*

boolean forRemoval() **default** false;

}

java.util.Stream Erweiterungen

```

/**
 * Returns, if this stream is ordered, a stream consisting of the longest
 * prefix of elements taken from this stream that match the given predicate.
 * Otherwise returns, if this stream is unordered, a stream consisting of a
 * subset of elements taken from this stream that match the given predicate.
 *
...
 *
 * <p>This is a <a href="package-summary.html#StreamOps">short-circuiting
 * stateful intermediate operation</a>.
 *
...
 *
 * @param predicate a <a href="package-summary.html#NonInterference">non-
interfering</a>,
 *           <a href="package-summary.html#Statelessness">stateless</a>
 *           predicate to apply to elements to determine the longest
 *           prefix of elements.
 * @return the new stream
 * @since 9
 */
default Stream<T> takeWhile(Predicate<? super T> predicate) {

```

```
/**
 * Returns, if this stream is ordered, a stream consisting of the remaining
 * elements of this stream after dropping the longest prefix of elements
 * that match the given predicate. Otherwise returns, if this stream is
 * unordered, a stream consisting of the remaining elements of this stream
 * after dropping a subset of elements that match the given predicate.
```

...

```
* <p>Independent of whether this stream is ordered or unordered if all
 * elements of this stream match the given predicate then this operation
 * drops all elements (the result is an empty stream), or if no elements of
 * the stream match the given predicate then no elements are dropped (the
 * result is the same as the input).
```

```
*
```

```
* <p>This is a stateful
 * intermediate operation</a>.
```

...

```
* @param predicate a non-
interfering,
```

```
*         stateless
 *         predicate to apply to elements to determine the longest
 *         prefix of elements.
```

```
* @return the new stream
```

```
* @since 9
```

```
*/
```

```
default Stream<T> dropWhile(Predicate<? super T> predicate) {
```

```
/**
 * Returns a sequential ordered {@code Stream} produced by iterative
 * application of the given {@code next} function to an initial element,
 * conditioned on satisfying the given {@code hasNext} predicate. The
 * stream terminates as soon as the {@code hasNext} predicate returns false.
 *
 * ...
 * <p>The resulting sequence may be empty if the {@code hasNext} predicate
 * does not hold on the seed value. Otherwise the first element will be the
 * supplied {@code seed} value, the next element (if present) will be the
 * result of applying the {@code next} function to the {@code seed} value,
 * and so on iteratively until the {@code hasNext} predicate indicates that
 * the stream should terminate.
 *
 * ...
 * @param <T> the type of stream elements
 * @param seed the initial element
 * @param hasNext a predicate to apply to elements to determine when the
 *                stream must terminate.
 * @param next a function to be applied to the previous element to produce
 *             a new element
 * @return a new sequential {@code Stream}
 * @since 9
 */
```

```
public static<T> Stream<T> iterate(T seed, Predicate<? super T> hasNext,
    UnaryOperator<T> next) {
```

```
/**
 * Returns a sequential {@code Stream} containing a single element, if
 * non-null, otherwise returns an empty {@code Stream}.
 *
 * @param t the single element
 * @param <T> the type of stream elements
 * @return a stream with a single element if the specified element
 *         is non-null, otherwise an empty stream
 * @since 9
 */
public static<T> Stream<T> ofNullable(T t) {
    return t == null ? Stream.empty()
        : StreamSupport.stream(new Streams.StreamBuilderImpl<>(t),
false);
}
```

java.util.Optional Erweiterungen

```
/**
 * If a value is present, returns a sequential {@link Stream} containing
 * only that value, otherwise returns an empty {@code Stream}.
 *
 * @apiNote
 * This method can be used to transform a {@code Stream} of optional
 * elements to a {@code Stream} of present value elements:
 * <pre>{@code
 *     Stream<Optional<T>> os = ..
 *     Stream<T> s = os.flatMap(Optional::stream)
 * }</pre>
 *
 * @return the optional value as a {@code Stream}
 * @since 9
 */
public Stream<T> stream() {
    if (!isPresent()) {
        return Stream.empty();
    } else {
        return Stream.of(value);
    }
}
```



```
/**
 * If a value is present, returns an {@code Optional} describing the value,
 * otherwise returns an {@code Optional} produced by the supplying function.
 *
 * @param supplier the supplying function that produces an {@code Optional}
 *     to be returned
 * @return returns an {@code Optional} describing the value of this
 *     {@code Optional}, if a value is present, otherwise an
 *     {@code Optional} produced by the supplying function.
 * @throws NullPointerException if the supplying function is {@code null} or
 *     produces a {@code null} result
 * @since 9
 */
public Optional<T> or(Supplier<? extends Optional<? extends T>> supplier) {
    Objects.requireNonNull(supplier);
    if (isPresent()) {
        return this;
    } else {
        @SuppressWarnings("unchecked")
        Optional<T> r = (Optional<T>) supplier.get();
        return Objects.requireNonNull(r);
    }
}
```

```
/**
 * If a value is present, performs the given action with the value,
 * otherwise performs the given empty-based action.
 *
 * @param action the action to be performed, if a value is present
 * @param emptyAction the empty-based action to be performed, if no value is
 * present
 * @throws NullPointerException if a value is present and the given action
 * is {@code null}, or no value is present and the given empty-based
 * action is {@code null}.
 * @since 9
 */
public void ifPresentOrElse(Consumer<? super T> action, Runnable emptyAction) {
    if (value != null) {
        action.accept(value);
    } else {
        emptyAction.run();
    }
}
```

java.util.Objects

Erweiterungen

```
/**
 * Returns the first argument if it is non-{@code null} and
 * otherwise returns the non-{@code null} second argument.
 *
 * @param obj an object
 * @param defaultObj a non-{@code null} object to return if the first argument
 *                   is {@code null}
 * @param <T> the type of the reference
 * @return the first argument if it is non-{@code null} and
 *         otherwise the second argument if it is non-{@code null}
 * @throws NullPointerException if both {@code obj} is null and
 *         {@code defaultObj} is {@code null}
 * @since 9
 */
public static <T> T requireNonNullElse(T obj, T defaultObj) {
    return (obj != null) ? obj : requireNonNull(defaultObj, "defaultObj");
}
```

```
/**
 * Returns the first argument if it is non-{@code null} and otherwise
 * returns the non-{@code null} value of {@code supplier.get()}.
 *
 * @param obj an object
 * @param supplier of a non-{@code null} object to return if the first argument
 *             is {@code null}
 * @param <T> the type of the first argument and return type
 * @return the first argument if it is non-{@code null} and otherwise
 *         the value from {@code supplier.get()} if it is non-{@code null}
 * @throws NullPointerException if both {@code obj} is null and
 *         either the {@code supplier} is {@code null} or
 *         the {@code supplier.get()} value is {@code null}
 * @since 9
 */
public static <T> T requireNonNullElseGet(T obj, Supplier<? extends T> supplier) {
    return (obj != null) ? obj
        : requireNonNull(requireNonNull(supplier, "supplier").get(),
"supplier.get()");
}
```


```
/**
 * Checks if the {@code index} is within the bounds of the range from
 * {@code 0} (inclusive) to {@code length} (exclusive).
 *
 * <p>The {@code index} is defined to be out-of-bounds if any of the
 * following inequalities is true:
 * <ul>
 * <li>{@code index} < 0</li>
 * <li>{@code index} >= length</li>
 * <li>{@code length} < 0, which is implied from the former inequalities</li>
 * </ul>
 *
 * @param index the index
 * @param length the upper-bound (exclusive) of the range
 * @return {@code index} if it is within bounds of the range
 * @throws IndexOutOfBoundsException if the {@code index} is out-of-bounds
 * @since 9
 */
```

```
@ForceInline
```

```
public static
```

```
int checkIndex(int index, int length) {
    return Preconditions.checkNotNull(index, length, null);
}
```

Weitere Interessante JEPs

- › JEP 11: Incubator Modules
 - › JEP 110: HTTP/2 Client (Incubator)
 - › JEP 226: UTF-8 Property Resource Bundles
 - › JEP 259: Stack-Walking API
- 

Dankeschön!

Fragen?

Anmerkungen?

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<https://www.innoq.com/de/talks/2017/09/bedcon-2017-java9-features/>



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